AMENDMENTS

In the Claims

The following is a marked-up version of the claims with the language that is underlined

("___") being added and the language that contains strikethrough ("——") being deleted:

1.   (Currently Amended) A method for managing shared resources in a computer system,

comprising:

establishing and registering a plurality of objects in response to requests from hardware

or software associated with the computer system, the objects including at least one type, at

least one attribute, and a handle;

establishing a plurality of message pool objects, wherein the plurality of message pool

objects comprise pools of free messages that can be allocated;

manipulating the plurality of objects to effect processing and exchange of information;

receiving, at a message pool interface, a request by a first task object <u>through a first</u>

<u>task object</u> interface for a message allocation;

allocating a message from <s>the</s> <u>a</u> free message pool <u>of the pools of free messages</u> to the

first task object;

sending the message from the <u>first task object through the</u> first task object interface

<u>directly</u> to <u>a second task object through</u> a second task object <s>interface;</s> <u>interface, wherein the</u>

<u>message includes a message to arm an interrupt enabled in the second task object, the second</u>

<u>task object including an interrupt object and the second task object interface including an</u>

<u>interrupt interface</u>;

performing processing by the second task object in response <u>to</u> the <u>received</u> <s>message</s>

<s>receipt;</s> <u>message, wherein the processing includes disabling an interrupt</u>;

returning the message <u>by the second task object via the second task object interface,</u> <u>wherein returning further comprises one of the following:</u>

<u>returning the message by the second task object through the second task object</u> <u>interface directly to the free message pool through the message pool interface upon completion</u> <u>of processing; and</u>

<u>returning the message by the second task object through the second task object</u> <u>interface</u> to <u>the first task object through</u> the first task object interface upon completion of processing; ~~and returning the message from the first task object interface~~ <u>in which the first task</u> <u>object through the first task object interface subsequently returns the message</u> to <u>the free</u> <u>message pool through</u> the message pool interface.

2.   (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising:

establishing a plurality of task objects;

allocating messages from at least one free message pool object in response to requests from one or more task objects, wherein the messages include blocks of information that can be passed to other task objects;

exchanging the messages between the plurality of task objects, thereby effecting requests for processing; and

returning the messages to the free message pool object upon completion of processing.

3.   (Previously Presented) The method of claim 2, further comprising:

the plurality of task objects include at least a task type and an interface type, the interface type enabling request and release of messages; and

the plurality of message pool objects include at least a pool type and an interface type.

4.   (Previously Presented) The method of claim 2, wherein exchanging the messages between the plurality of task objects, thereby effecting requests for processing further comprises at least one of: putting a message to an interface, getting a message from an interface, and waiting for a message to arrive on an interface.

5.   (Canceled)

6.   (Canceled)

7.   (Previously Presented) The method of claim 3, further comprising:

receiving, at a message pool interface, a request by a first task object interface for a message allocation;

allocating a message from the free message pool to the first task object;

sending an arm interrupt message from the first task object interface to a interrupt object interface;

disabling an interrupt with the arm interrupt message by the interrupt object; and

returning the message to the first task object interface.

8.   (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising:

defining a plurality of top-level tasks from the plurality of objects;

providing each of the plurality of top-level tasks with a private memory resource; and

enabling access of the private memory resource to any subtask created by a top-level task.

9.   (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising:

allocating a memory space to a parent task;

establishing at least one subtask to the parent task;

enabling access of the memory space to the at least one subtask; and

preventing access of the memory space to tasks not associated with the parent task.

10.   (Previously Presented) The method of claim 9, further comprising:

allocating a memory space to a subtask; and

preventing access of the memory space to a parent task of the subtask.

11.   (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising:

establishing an object instance for each of the plurality of objects; and

establishing an object handle for each object instance, the object handle referencing a

data structure used to implement the object instance.

12.   (Previously Presented) The method of claim 11, wherein the object handle is a pointer

value.

13.   (Previously Presented) The method of claim 11, further comprising:

establishing at least one derived object type, based upon the object instance;

establishing object attributes for the at least one derived object type; and

accessing any established object attributes with the object handle.

14.   (Previously Presented) The method of claim 13, further comprising appending data

structures associated with the at least one derived object type to the data structure used to

implement the object instance.

15.   (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising:

establishing an object instance for each of the plurality of objects;

establishing at least one derived object type, based upon the object instance;

establishing object attributes for the at least one derived object type; and

establishing an object handle for each derived object type, the object handles

referencing a data structure used to implement the object instance.

16.   (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising:

organizing the plurality of objects as files in a global file system,

wherein files in the system contain references to objects in memory; and referencing

each of the plurality of objects in relation to a plurality of top level object types.

17.   (Previously Presented) The method of claim 16, wherein the plurality of top level object

types include tasks, interfaces, pools, mutexes, semaphores, interrupts, and memory.

18.   (Currently Amended) A computer-readable storage medium incorporating one or more

~~instructions for managing~~ instructions, that when executed for a computer, causes the computer

to manage shared resources in a computer system, comprising:

one or more instructions for establishing and registering a plurality of objects in

response to requests from hardware or software associated with the computer system, the

objects including at least one type, at least one attribute, a handle;

one or more instructions for establishing a plurality of message pool objects, wherein the

plurality of message pool objects comprise pools of free messages that can be allocated; and

one or more instructions for manipulating the plurality of objects to effect processing and

exchange of information;

one or more instructions for receiving, at a message pool interface, a request by a first

task object through a first task object interface for a message allocation;

one or more instructions for allocating a message from ~~the~~ a free message pool of the

pools of free messages to the first task object;

one or more instructions for sending the message from the first task object through the

first task object interface directly to a second task object through a second task object ~~interface;~~

interface, wherein the message includes a message to arm an interrupt enabled in the second

task object, the second task object including an interrupt object and the second task object

interface including an interrupt interface;

one or more instructions for performing processing by the second task object in

response to the received message ~~receipt;~~ receipt, wherein the processing includes disabling

an interrupt;

one or more instructions for returning the message by the second task object via the

second task object interface, wherein returning further comprises one of the following:

returning the message by the second task object through the second task object

interface directly to the free message pool through the message pool interface upon completion

of processing; and

returning the message by the second task object through the second task object

interface to the first task object through the first task object interface upon completion of

~~processing; and~~

~~one or more instructions for returning the message from the first task object interface~~

processing, in which the first task object through the first task object interface subsequently

returns the message to the free message pool through the message pool interface.

19.   (Currently Amended) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 18, the program

further comprising:

one or more instructions for establishing a plurality of task objects;

one or more instructions for allocating messages from at least one free message pool

object in response to requests from one or more task objects, wherein the messages include

blocks of information that can be passed to other task objects;

one or more instructions for exchanging the messages between the plurality of task

objects, thereby effecting requests for processing; and

one or more instructions for returning the messages to the free message pool object

upon completion of processing.

20.   (Currently Amended) The computer-readable <u>storage</u> medium of claim 19, <u>the program</u>

further comprising:

one or more instructions for the plurality of task objects include at least a task type and

an interface type, the interface type enabling request and release of messages; and

the plurality of message pool objects include at least a pool type and an interface type.

21.   (Currently Amended) The computer-readable <u>storage</u> medium of claim 19, wherein the

one or more instructions for exchanging the messages between the plurality of task objects,

thereby effecting requests for processing further comprise at least one of: one or more

instructions for putting a message to an interface, getting a message from an interface, and

waiting for a message to arrive on an interface.

22. – 23.   (Canceled)

24.   (Previously Presented) The computer-readable <u>storage</u> medium of claim 20, <u>the</u>

<u>program</u> further comprising:

one or more instructions for receiving, at a message pool interface, a request by a first

task object interface for a message allocation;

one or more instructions for allocating a message from the free message pool to the first

task object;

one or more instructions for sending an arm interrupt message from the first task object

interface to a interrupt object interface;

one or more instructions for disabling an interrupt with the arm interrupt message by the

interrupt object; and

one or more instructions for returning the message to the first task object interface.

25.   (Currently Amended) The computer-readable <u>storage</u> medium of claim 18, <u>the program</u>

further comprising:

     one or more instructions for defining a plurality of top-level tasks from the plurality of

objects;

     one or more instructions for providing each of the plurality of top-level tasks with a

private memory resource; and

     one or more instructions for enabling access of the private memory resource to any

subtask created by a top-level task.

26.   (Currently Amended) The computer-readable <u>storage</u> medium of claim 18, <u>the program</u>

further comprising:

     one or more instructions for allocating a memory space to a parent task;

     one or more instructions for establishing at least one subtask to the parent task;

     one or more instructions for enabling access of the memory space to the at least one

subtask; and

     one or more instructions for preventing access of the memory space to tasks not

associated with the parent task.

27.   (Currently Amended) The computer-readable <u>storage</u> medium of claim 26, <u>the program</u>

     further comprising:

     one or more instructions for allocating a memory space to a subtask; and

one or more instructions for preventing access of the memory space to a parent task of the

subtask.

28.   (Currently Amended) The computer-readable <u>storage</u> medium of claim 18, <u>the program</u> further comprising:

one or more instructions for establishing an object instance for each of the plurality of objects; and one or more instructions for establishing an object handle for each object instance, the object handle referencing a data structure used to implement the object instance.

29.   (Currently Amended) The computer-readable <u>storage</u> medium of claim 28, wherein the object handle is a pointer value.

30.   (Currently Amended) The computer-readable <u>storage</u> medium of claim 28, <u>the program</u> further comprising:

one or more instructions for establishing at least one derived object type, based upon the object instance;

one or more instructions for establishing object attributes for the at least one derived object type; and

one or more instructions for accessing any established object attributes with the object handle.

31.   (Currently Amended) The computer-readable <u>storage</u> medium of claim 30, <u>the program</u> further comprising one or more instructions for appending data structures associated with the at least one derived object type to the data structure used to implement the object instance.

32.   (Currently Amended) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 18, the program

further comprising:

one or more instructions for establishing an object instance for each of the plurality of

objects;

one or more instructions for establishing at least one derived object type, based upon

the object instance;

one or more instructions for establishing object attributes for the at least one derived

object type; and

one or more instructions for establishing an object handle for each derived object type,

the object handles referencing a data structure used to implement the object instance.

33.   (Currently Amended) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 18, the program

further comprising:

one or more instructions for organizing the plurality of objects as files in a global file

system, wherein files in the system contain references to objects in memory; and

one or more instructions for referencing each of the plurality of objects in relation to a

plurality of top level object types.

34.   (Currently Amended) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 33, wherein the

plurality of top level object types include tasks, interfaces, pools, mutexes, semaphores,

interrupts, and memory.